

University of South Carolina Beaufort Educator Preparation Program

HANDBOOK

2023-2024

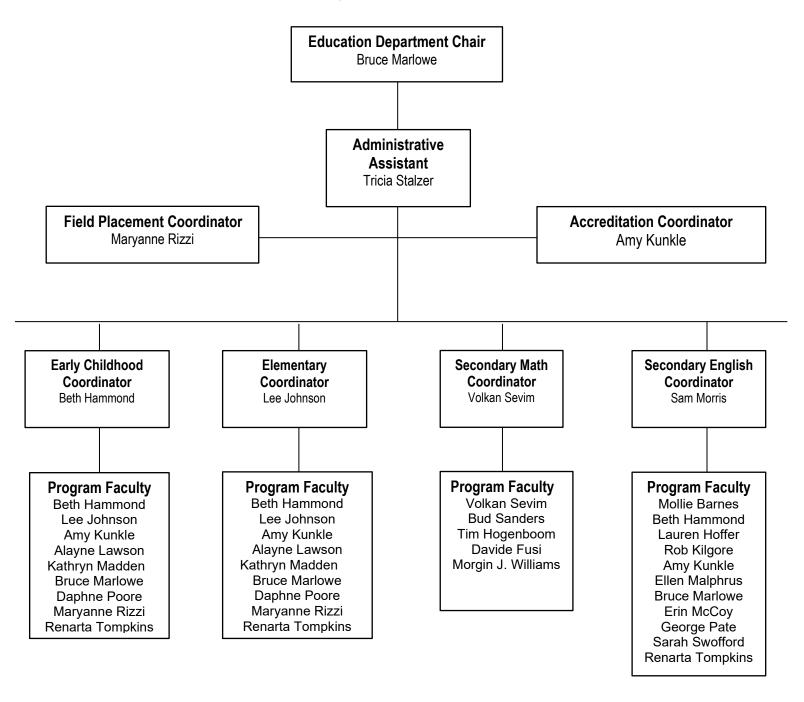
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2023-2024 USCB EDUCATOR PREPARATION PROGRAM

Organizational Chart



EDUCATOR PREPARATION PROGRAM FACULTY AND STAFF

Program Administration

Chair, Department of Education

Bruce Marlowe, Ph.D., The Catholic University of America

Accreditation Coordinator

Amy Kunkle, Ed.D., Carson-Newman University

Coordinator, Early Childhood Education

Elizabeth Hammond, Ph.D., Florida State University

Coordinator, Elementary Education

Elizabeth Lee Johnson, Ph.D., University of South Carolina

Coordinator, Secondary English Certification

Sam Morris, Ph.D., University of Arkansas

Coordinator, Secondary Math Certification

Volkan Sevim, Ph.D., University of North Carolina Charlotte

Field Placement Coordinator

Maryanne Rizzi, M.Ed., Kent State University

MASTERY Grant

Bruce Marlowe, Principal Investigator Melissa Baker, Project Director Kattia Chaves-Herrera M.Ed., Alumni Coaching and Support Coordinator

Administrative Assistant

Tricia Stalzer

Program Faculty

Professors

P. Ellen Malphrus, Ph.D., M.F.A., University of South Carolina Professor of English and Writer-in-Residence

Bruce Marlowe, Ph.D., The Catholic University of America Professor of Educational Psychology and Special Education

Bud Sanders, Ph.D., University of Tennessee Professor of Mathematics

Associate Professors

Mollie Barnes, Ph.D., University of Georgia Associate Professor of English

Elizabeth J. Hammond Ph.D., Florida State University Associate Professor of Educational Psychology

Lauren Hoffer, Ph.D., Vanderbilt University Associate Professor of Victorian Literature; Chair, Department of English

Elizabeth Lee Johnson, Ph.D., University of South Carolina Associate Professor of Elementary and Early Childhood Mathematics Methods

Robert Kilgore, Ph.D., University of South Carolina Associate Professor of English

Erin McCoy, Ph.D., University of Louisville Associate Professor of English and Interdisciplinary Studies

George Pate, Ph.D., University of Georgia Associate Professor of English and Theater

Volkan Sevim, Ph.D., University of North Carolina Charlotte Associate Professor of Mathematics

Sarah Swofford, Ph.D., University of Michigan Associate Professor of English

Renarta H. Tompkins, Ph.D., Education, Emory University Associate Professor of Literacy

Assistant Professors

Davide Fusi, Ph.D., University of Utah Assistant Professor of Mathematics

Amy Kunkle, Ed.D., Carson-Newman University Assistant Professor of Education

Morgin Jones Williams, Ph.D., Georgia State University Assistant Professor of Mathematics

Instructors

Tim Hogenboom, M.A., Binghamton University Department of Mathematics

Alayne Lawson, M.Ed., Grand Canyon University Department of Education

Amy Leaphart, M.A., University of South Carolina; M.S., The Citadel English, Theater, and Interdisciplinary Studies

Kathryn Madden, M.S., Montana State University, M.S., Clemson Department of Education

Jeffrey McQuillen, M.A., Clemson University English, Theater, and Interdisciplinary Studies

Daphne Poore, Ed.D., Walden University Department of Education

Adjunct Faculty

Alison Barton, M.SpEd, Central Connecticut State University Lynn Capozzoli, M.Ed., State University of New York New Paltz Bebe Cifaldi, Ed.D., University of South Carolina Kyra Hartley, M.A., Lesley University Gloria Holmes, Ph.D., State University of New York Stonybrook Carole Ingram, M.A., University of South Carolina Jill Locastro-Caldwell, M.S., C.W. Post Sarah Owen, Ed.D., University of South Carolina Virginia Pratt, Ed.D., University of South Carolina Mary Rizzi, Ph.D., University of South Carolina Cindy Sturgis, M.Ed., Indiana University

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VISION, MISSION, AND PHILOSOPHY

Vision

The vision of the University of South Carolina Beaufort's Educator Preparation Program is to serve as the primary resource for both aspiring educators and in-service teachers in the Lowcountry and beyond.

Mission

Our mission is to create a legacy of engaged citizen-educators, well-equipped to respond adaptively to a broad range of student needs and primed to serve as advocates for children and young people. We focus on the acquisition of deep content knowledge, strong pedagogical skills, and professional teacher dispositions.

Philosophy

Everything we do as an educator preparation provider—in our course and fieldwork, our assessments, and our system of candidate progression—is informed by our core beliefs about learning and the important role teachers play in the learning process.

Specifically, we believe that:

- learning is constructed by learners in social contexts—not received passively by them;
- learning is more enduring, more in-depth, and more powerful when students are engaged in inquiry and discovery than when they are asked simply to accumulate and memorize information;
- learning requires nurturing, supportive, and safe classroom spaces;
- learning is developmental, and continues throughout the lifespan;
- teachers must embrace the richness of student diversity;
- teachers must possess deep content knowledge, strong pedagogical skills, and proficiency with educational technology;
- teachers must model the pursuit of learning in their own personal life.

PURPOSE AND GOALS

University of South Carolina Beaufort is committed to preparing educators who are learner-ready on day one of their professional teaching careers. To achieve this end, our program is committed to:

- Developing candidates who demonstrate subject matter knowledge, understanding of learning and teaching, and instructional proficiency as identified by relevant professional standards;
- Individualizing learning experiences, encouraging reflection, and providing mentoring to support the variety of ways in which our candidates learn;
- Requiring candidates to demonstrate their acquired knowledge and skills in the classroom;
- Assisting candidates in their transition from the University to a professional environment;
- Collaborating with a range of community partners, including public school teachers and administrators, university colleagues, and program alumni;
- Providing quality outreach and development programs that benefit the communities the university serves;
- Collecting and analyzing data to inform decisions that support candidate and alumni growth;
- Preparing candidates to believe that all students can learn and assume responsibility for their learning;
- Preparing candidates who are able to design and integrate technologically rich experiences based on the educational needs of students;
- Preparing candidates to work with colleagues, students and communities of varied cultural, ethnic and economic backgrounds.

BASIC PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

USCB offers four teacher certification programs: <u>Early Childhood Education</u> (grades pre-K-3rd); <u>Elementary Education</u> (grades 2-6); <u>Secondary English</u> (grades 9-12); and <u>Secondary Mathematics</u> (grades 9-12). Program Advisement sheets for each of these programs can be found in the <u>Appendix</u> (starting on p.32).

Confidential Information

Teachers and other education professionals regularly work with confidential information in the context of schools, including student academic and health records, Individualized Education Plans (IEPs), and family histories. Teacher candidates are held to the same legal and professional standards as full-time teachers with regard to confidential information. In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), candidates must refrain from discussing information related to the students with whom they are working. FERPA training is provided to candidates prior to their field experiences.

Criminal Background Check Requirements

All students enrolled in USCB's educator preparation program are required to have a criminal background check on file with the South Carolina Department of Education, and they must have an "all-clear" report on the criminal records review (or, if an arrest record is documented, be cleared by the State Board of Education).

South Carolina requires a state criminal records check supported by fingerprints by the FBI in the semester before the Internship. This check will need to be repeated if the candidate does not apply for certification within twelve months. Candidates not cleared by this review will not be permitted to begin their Internship. It is very important that the background check questions on the certification application be answered truthfully. Failure to answer the questions truthfully could result in denial of certification.

Teacher candidates are required to disclose whether they have ever been arrested, convicted, found guilty, entered a plea of no contest, paid a fine, or otherwise had adjudication withheld in a criminal offense other than a minor traffic offense. Candidates who are arrested at any time while a student at USCB by any law enforcement agency are required to inform Ms. Stalzer in the Department of Education within 72 hours of the arrest. Any criminal record that has not been sealed or expunged by written court order must be reported. Field-based practicum assignments may be undertaken only after candidates obtain a satisfactory South Carolina Law Enforcement Division (SLED) report. The Department of Education advises candidates of their alternatives when they are denied clearance for practicum assignment. Candidates with questions should consult with their academic advisors.

Professional Dispositions

As a teacher candidate, you will be expected to maintain the highest standards of the profession both while you are engaged in on-campus coursework and as you relate to students, families, classroom teachers and the broader community. While in the school setting, candidates should perceive themselves as pre-service teachers and conduct themselves in a professional manner. The clinical dispositions of each candidate will be evaluated using the Professionalism/Dispositional Domain based on the SCTS 4.0 Teaching Standards Rubric, located in the Appendix, during Practicum and Internship. Teacher Candidates are expected to score Proficient or Exemplary on all indicators of the Professionalism/Dispositional Domain based on the SCTS 4.0 Rubric during the Final Conference to graduate from the program and receive a recommendation for certification. Failure to score Proficient or Exemplary on all indicators will result in the necessity to repeat Internship.

CANDIDATE PROGRESSION

Each of USCB's four teacher certification tracks has four levels through which candidates must progress in order to successfully complete the educator preparation program. These levels are outlined in the table below, with each level acting as a transition point for program progression to the next benchmark.

Program Benchmark	Requirements for Entry
Pre-Professional	Attend the Pre-Professional Orientation prior
	to the completion of EDCI 100*
Professional	 Maintain a cumulative 2.75 GPA in all
	undergraduate coursework.
	 Complete all pre-professional and all required
	content area courses with a "C" or better in
	each course.
	Attain an overall GPA of 3.0 in all
	Department of Education courses.**
	 Complete all general education and content area requirements.
	 Achieve passing scores on all three sections of
	the Praxis Core exam or earn a 22 on the ACT
	or 1100 on the SAT (score of 550 on the
	Evidence-based Reading and Writing portion
	may exempt the Reading and Writing subtests of Praxis Core; score of 550 on Math portion
	may exempt Mathematics subtest of Praxis
	Core)*** (See Appendix for additional
	details.)
	Complete the Ethics Training Module (email)
	Dr. Hammond for link to Ethics Module at
	mailto:ejh49@uscb.edu) and provide a
	Certificate of Achievement
	 Complete a criminal background check from SLED.
	 Complete 25 hours working with children or
	adolescents or the Teacher Cadet Program
	(See Appendix for additional details).
	Attend the Professional Program Orientation
Internship	Pass all Practicum experiences.
	Pass the Praxis II exam for area of
	certification.
	 Pass the Internship Eligibility Presentation.
Program Completion	 Pass the Clinical Internship
	 Pass the Internship Seminar
	 Pass the PLT exam for grade-span of
	certification
	Receive a college recommendation for
	educator certification to teach in South
	Carolina.

^{*}Teacher Cadet candidates must attend an orientation prior to applying for the Professional Program

^{**}Students pursuing secondary licensure must maintain an overall GPA of 3.0 in certain content area courses, as determined by the specific secondary certification program. Please see Program of Study Advisement Tracks (p.31) for specific requirements in the Appendix.

^{***}Must have a score of at least 550 on the math, reading and writing sections of the SAT.

ADMISSION INTO THE PROFESSIONAL PROGRAM

Teacher candidates seeking to enter the Professional Program must complete the <u>Professional Program</u> <u>Admission Checklist</u> (p.29, Appendix). Admission into the Professional Program requires that every item on the Checklist is completed. Once the Checklist is completed, candidates must present it, along with appropriate documentation (e.g., official Praxis scores; clear criminal background check, etc.), to their academic advisor for review and signature. After obtaining the advisor's signature, candidates should present the signed checklist and documentation to the Chair of the Department of Education for approval.

Teacher candidates who wish to enter the Professional Program during the spring semester must present the signed checklist and documentation to the Chair of the Department of Education by October 1st of the previous fall semester. Teacher candidates who seek to enter the Professional Program during the fall semester must present the signed checklist and documentation to the Chair of the Department of Education by February 1st of the previous spring semester.

Praxis Core/ACT/SAT Requirement

Teacher candidates must successfully complete the Praxis Core exam series (Reading, Writing, and Mathematics subtests) or achieve an acceptable exemption score on the ACT or SAT prior to being admitted into the Professional Program. Passing scores on the Praxis Core exams include: Reading: 156, Writing: 158, and Mathematics: 150. A score of 22 on the ACT or 1100 on the SAT can be used to exempt the Praxis Core Exam. Additionally, a score of at least 550 on the Evidence-based Reading and Writing or Mathematics portion of the SAT can be used to exempt some or all sections of the Praxis Core exam. Additional information related to the Praxis Core examination can be found in the Appendix (p.24).

Ethics Training Module

Per South Carolina Department of Education policy, all candidates prepared for certification must have instruction in educators' ethics throughout coursework, field experiences, and internships. Candidates must take part in a State approved educator ethics awareness training program. USCB has selected SafeSchools as the ethics training program for all teacher candidates. Candidates must present a Certificate of completion when applying for admission into the Professional Program. Please email Dr. Beth Hammond (ejh49@uscb.edu) when you are ready to take the course. Dr. Hammond will provide login information and the link to access the course.

Working with Children

Admission into the Professional Program requires a minimum of twenty-five hours working with school-aged children in the teacher candidate's area of certification. These hours must be documented and verified by a supervisor, teacher, and/or employer. If a teacher candidate has completed Teacher Cadet while in high school that experience can be used in place of the required twenty-five hours. Specific details about appropriate experiences can be found in the Appendix (p.30).

PROFESSIONAL PROGRAM BENCHMARKS

Transition to Internship

Candidates seeking to enter Internship must first pass all of their practicum experiences (see the Field Handbook for how these are assessed), their required Praxis II exams, and the Presentation for Internship Eligibility (PIE).

Praxis II Exams

The specific teacher education program in which the candidate is enrolled determines which Praxis exam they must pass in order to enter Internship. Candidates can find the required tests they need to take in the Appendix (p.24).

Presentation for Internship Eligibility

Teacher candidates who have passed all practicum experiences will schedule an appointment with Ms. Stalzer for a 30-minute presentation during finals week. Using artifacts (e.g., lesson plans, case studies, etc.), data analysis where appropriate, and videotape of their own instruction as evidence, teacher candidates will have 20 minutes to reflect on their growth towards becoming proficient with the South Carolina Teaching Standards 4.0 rubric. A 10-minute question and answer period will follow the presentation.

Immediately following the question-and-answer period, the candidate will leave the room and the presentation will be assessed by the evaluators using the <u>scoring rubric</u> (p.27; Appendix). When the evaluators reach consensus, the candidate will be invited to return to the room for feedback.

The Presentation for Internship Eligibility is evaluated on a pass/fail basis. Teacher candidates will be provided with a synopsis of the strengths of their presentation as well as the areas the evaluators believe warrant improvement. Teacher candidates will be informed of their evaluation at the conclusion of the session. Teacher candidates who do not pass the Presentations for Internship Eligibility will be given the choice of rescheduling another presentation at a later date or leaving the certification program.

Program Completion

Successful completion of the certification program requires earning a passing grade in both Internship (see the Field Manual for how this is assessed) and Internship Senior Seminar. In the case of the Secondary English program, students must successfully complete ENGL 482: Secondary ELA Seminar (3-credits) and ENGL 491: English Capstone (1-credit; ENGL 491 is only offered in the Spring) in the teacher candidates' final semester, concurrent with the 12-hour internship.

Internship and Internship Senior Seminar

While more detailed requirements for the Internship can be found in the Field Manual, candidates will be assessed using the South Carolina Teaching Standards 4.0. While candidates will receive either Satisfactory or Unsatisfactory (S/U) in Internship, they will earn a letter grade in the Internship Senior Seminar course. Candidates will be assessed on their attendance, class participation, dispositions, and assignments, including the Student Learning Objectives (SLO) project, which is described in the Internship Senior Seminar syllabus. Unexplained or excessive absences in this class could result in candidates receiving a failing grade.

Commencement Participation Policy

It is the policy of the University of South Carolina Beaufort that students participating (i.e., "walking") in the commencement ceremony have completed, or can reasonably complete, outstanding degree requirements in a timely manner.

Students with 13 or more credits to complete after finishing their current coursework will be denied permission to participate in commencement. This means that teacher candidates who have not successfully passed Internship and Internship Seminar cannot participate in the commencement exercises. Students have the option to appeal for permission to participate in commencement, utilizing the USCB Commencement Participation Appeal form, which can be found on the USCB website here.

SOUTH CAROLINA EDUCATOR CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

In order to earn South Carolina teacher certification, candidates must:

- Obtain fingerprint clearance, prior to Internship (which occurs in the last semester of the program) through IndentoGo: https://sc.ibtfingerprint.com/.
- Submit an application to the South Carolina Department of Education prior to Internship: https://ed.sc.gov/educators/teaching-in-south-carolina/aspiring-educators/. The application includes:
 - o A processing fee for the South Carolina Department of Education
 - o The application form completed by the candidate for the South Carolina Department of Education, Educator Application.
 - o A request form for an official transcript and applicable fee(s)
 - o Copy of social security card
- Complete the approved program of study and hold a Bachelor's Degree.
- Receive passing scores on the required Praxis II and PLT Exams and submit these scores to both USCB and the South Carolina Department of Education.

Following graduation and completion of all the bulleted items above, USCB faculty will submit a Verification and Recommendation form to the South Carolina Department of Education.

Teacher candidates are responsible for ensuring that all parts of their application have been received by the USCB Department of Education.

APPENDIX A

South Carolina Teaching Standards 4.0 Rubric	og.	14
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Secondary Mathematics Course List		

SCTS 4.0 EVALUATION RUBRIC WITH PROFESSIONALISM DOMAIN

	INSTRUCTION			
Exemplary (4) Proficient (3)			Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Standards and Objectives	 All learning objectives and state content standards are explicitly communicated. Sub-objectives are aligned and logically sequenced to the lesson's major objective. Learning objectives are: (a) consistently connected to what students have previously learned, (b) know from life experiences and (c) integrated with other disciplines Expectations for each student's performance are clear, demanding, and high. State standards are displayed, referenced throughout the lesson with explanations. There is evidence that most students demonstrate mastery of the objective. 	Most learning objectives and state content standards are communicated. Sub-objectives are mostly aligned to the lesson's major objective. Learning objectives are connected to what students have previously learned. Expectations for student performance are clear, demanding, and high. State standards are displayed and referenced in the lesson. There is evidence that most students demonstrate mastery of the objective.	Some learning objectives and state content standards are communicated. Sub-objectives are sometimes aligned to the lesson's major objective. Learning objectives are not clearly connected to what students have previously learned. Expectations for student performance are clear. State standards are appropriately displayed. There is evidence that some students demonstrate mastery of the objective.	Some learning objectives and state content standards are not communicated. Sub-objectives are rarely aligned to the lesson's major objective. Learning objectives are rarely connected to what students have previously learned. Expectations for student performance are vague. State standards are not appropriately displayed. There is evidence that few students demonstrate mastery of the objective.
Motivating Students	The teacher consistently and explicitly organizes the content so that it is personally meaningful, relevant, and intellectually engaging to all students. The teacher consistently develops learning experiences where inquiry, curiosity and exploration are valued. The teacher consistently reinforces and rewards effort.	 The teacher often organizes the content so that it is personally meaningful, relevant, and intellectually engaging to all students. The teacher often develops learning experiences where inquiry, curiosity and exploration are valued. The teacher regularly reinforces and rewards effort. 	The teacher sometimes organizes the content so that it is personally meaningful, relevant, and engaging to some students. The teacher sometimes develops learning experiences where inquiry, curiosity and exploration are valued. The teacher sometimes reinforces and rewards effort.	The teacher rarely organizes the content so that it is personally meaningful, relevant, and engaging to students. The teacher rarely develops learning experiences where inquiry, curiosity and exploration are valued. The teacher rarely reinforces and rewards effort.
Presenting Instructional Content	Presentation of content always includes: visuals that establish the purpose of the lesson, preview the organization of the lesson and include reflective internal summaries of the lesson. explicit examples, illustrations, analogies and labels for new concepts and ideas. modeling by the teacher to demonstrate his or her performance expectations throughout the lesson. concise communication. logical sequencing and segmenting. all essential information.	Presentation of content most of the time includes: • visuals that establish the purpose of the lesson, preview the organization of the lesson and include reflective internal summaries of the lesson. • examples, illustrations, analogies and labels for new concepts and ideas. • modeling by the teacher to demonstrate his or her performance expectations. • concise communication. • logical sequencing and segmenting. • all essential information. • no irrelevant, confusing, or non-essential information.	Presentation of content sometimes includes: • visuals that establish the purpose of the lesson, preview the organization of the lesson and include reflective internal summaries of the lesson. • examples, illustrations, analogies and labels for new concepts and ideas. • modeling by the teacher to demonstrate his or her performance expectations. • concise communication. • logical sequencing and segmenting. • all essential information. • no irrelevant, confusing, or non-essential information.	Presentation of content rarely includes: visuals that establish the purpose of the lesson, preview the organization of the lesson and include reflective internal summaries of the lesson. examples, illustrations, analogies and labels for new concepts and ideas. modeling by the teacher to demonstrate his or her performance expectations. concise communication. logical sequencing and segmenting. all essential information.

	INSTRUCTION (Continued)			
	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Lesson Structure and Pacing	The lesson starts promptly. The lesson's structure is coherent, with a significant beginning, middle, end, and extended time for reflection. Pacing is brisk and provides many opportunities for individual students who progress at different learning rates. Routines for distributing materials are seamless. No instructional time is lost during transitions.	 The lesson's structure is coherent, with a beginning, middle, end and reflection. Pacing is appropriate and sometimes provides opportunities for students who progress at different learning rates. Routines for distributing materials are efficient. Little instructional time is lost during transitions. 	The lesson starts somewhat promptly. The lesson's structure is coherent, with a beginning, middle and end. Pacing is appropriate, for some students and rarely provides opportunities for students who progress at different learning rates. Routines for distributing materials are efficient. Instructional time is lost during transitions.	The lesson does not start promptly. The lesson has a structure but may be missing closure or introductory elements. Pacing is appropriate, for few students and does not provide opportunities for students who progress at different learning rates. Routines for distributing materials are inefficient. Considerable time is lost during transitions.
Activities and Materials	Activities and materials include all of the following: Support the lesson objectives Challenging Sustain students' attention Elicit a variety of thinking Provide time for reflection Relevant to student's lives Provide opportunities for student-to-student interaction Induce student curiosity and suspense Provide students with choices Incorporate multimedia and technology which enhances student learning and thinking Incorporate resources beyond the school curriculum texts (e.g., teacher-made materials, manipulatives, resources from cultural centers, etc.) In addition, sometimes activities are game-like, involve simulations, require creating products and demand self-direction and self-monitoring.	Activities and materials include most of the following: Support the lesson objectives Challenging Sustain students' attention Elicit a variety of thinking Provide time for reflection Relevant to student's lives Provide opportunities for student-to-student interaction Induce student curiosity and suspense Provide students with choices Incorporate multimedia and technology Incorporate resources beyond the school curriculum texts (e.g., teacher-made materials, manipulatives, resources from cultural centers, etc.).	Activities and materials include some of the following: Support the lesson objectives Challenging Sustain students' attention Elicit a variety of thinking Provide time for reflection Relevant to student's lives Provide opportunities for student-to-student interaction Induce student curiosity and suspense Provide students with choices Incorporate multimedia and technology Incorporate resources beyond the school curriculum texts (e.g., teacher-made materials, manipulatives, resources from cultural centers, etc.).	Activities and materials include few of the following: Support the lesson objectives Challenging Sustain students' attention Elicit a variety of thinking Provide time for reflection Relevant to student's lives Provide opportunities for student-to-student interaction Induce student curiosity and suspense Provide students with choices Incorporate multimedia and technology Incorporate resources beyond the school curriculum texts (e.g., teacher-made materials, manipulatives, resources from cultural centers, etc.).

	INSTRUCTION (Continued)			
	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Questioning	Teacher questions are varied and high quality, providing a consistently balanced mix of question types: O Knowledge and comprehension O Application and analysis O Creation and evaluation Questions are consistently purposeful and coherent A high frequency of questions is asked Questions are consistently sequenced with attention to the instructional goals Questions regularly require active responses (e.g., whole class signaling, choral responses, written and shared responses, or group and individual answers) Wait time (three-five seconds) is consistently provided The teacher calls on volunteers and a balance of students based on ability and gender Students generate higher-order questions that lead to further inquiry and self-directed learning.	Teacher questions are varied and high quality, providing a balanced mix of question types: O Knowledge and comprehension O Application and analysis O Creation and evaluation O Questions are usually purposeful and coherent A moderate frequency of questions is asked Questions are often sequenced with attention to the instructional goals Questions sometimes require active responses (e.g., whole class signaling, choral responses, written and shared responses, or group and individual answers) Wait time is often provided The teacher calls on volunteers and nonvolunteers and nonvolunteers and a balance of students based on ability and gender Students generate questions that lead to further inquiry and self-directed learning.	Teacher questions are varied and high quality, providing some, but not all, question types: O Knowledge and comprehension O Application and analysis O Creation and evaluation O Questions are sometimes purposeful and coherent A moderate frequency of questions is asked Questions are sometimes sequenced with attention to the instructional goals Questions sometimes require active responses (e.g., whole class signaling, choral responses, written and shared responses, or group and individual answers) Wait time is sometimes provided The teacher calls on volunteers and nonvolunteers and nonvolunteers and a balance of students based on ability and gender Students generate questions that lead to further inquiry and self-directed learning.	Teacher questions are inconsistent in quality and include few question types: O Knowledge and comprehension O Application and analysis O Creation and evaluation Questions are random and lack coherence A moderate frequency of questions is asked Questions are rarely sequenced with attention to the instructional goals Questions rarely require active responses (e.g., whole class signaling, choral responses, written and shared responses, or group and individual answers) Wait time is inconsistently provided The teacher mostly calls on volunteers and highability students.
Academic Feedback	 Oral and written feedback is consistently academically focused, frequent and high quality. Feedback is frequently given during guided practice and homework review. The teacher circulates to prompt student thinking, assess each student's progress, and provide individual feedback. Feedback from students is consistently used to monitor and adjust instruction. Teacher engages students in giving specific and high-quality feedback to one another. 	Oral and written feedback is mostly academically focused and mostly high quality. Feedback is often given during guided practice and homework review. The teacher circulates regularly during instructional activities to support engagement and monitor student work. Feedback from students is regularly used to monitor and adjust instruction. Teacher engages students in giving feedback to one another.	Oral and written feedback is sometimes academically focused and mostly high quality. Feedback is sometimes given during guided practice and homework review. The teacher circulates sometimes during instructional activities to support engagement and monitor student work. Feedback from students is sometimes used to monitor and adjust instruction.	 The quality and timeliness of feedback is inconsistent. Feedback is rarely given during guided practice and homework review. The teacher circulates during instructional activities, but monitors mostly behavior. Feedback from students is rarely used to monitor or adjust instruction.

	INSTRUCTION (Continued)			
	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
Grouping Students	 The instructional grouping arrangements (either whole class, small groups, pairs, individual; hetero- or homogenous ability) consistently maximize student understanding and learning efficiency. All students in groups know their roles, responsibilities, and group- work expectations. All students participating in groups are held accountable for group work and individual work. Instructional group composition is varied (e.g., race, gender, ability, and age) to best accomplish the goals of the lesson. Instructional groups facilitate opportunities for students to set goals, reflect on and evaluate their learning. 	 The instructional grouping arrangements (either whole class, small groups, pairs, individual; hetero- or homogenous ability) adequately enhance student understanding and learning efficiency. Most students in groups know their roles, responsibilities, and groupwork expectations. Most students participating in groups are held accountable for group work and individual work. Instructional group composition is varied (e.g., race, gender, ability, and age) to most of the time, accomplish the goals of the lesson. 	The instructional grouping arrangements (either whole class, small groups, pairs, individual; hetero- or homogenous ability) sometimes enhance student understanding and learning efficiency. Some students in groups know their roles, responsibilities and groupwork expectations. Some students participating in groups are held accountable for group work and individual work. Instructional group composition is varied (e.g., race, gender, ability, and age) to sometimes accomplish the goals of the lesson.	 The instructional grouping arrangements (either whole class, small groups, pairs, individual; hetero- or homogenous ability) inhibit student understanding and learning efficiency. Few students in groups know their roles, responsibilities, and groupwork expectations. Few students participating in groups are held accountable for group work and individual work. Instructional group composition remains unchanged, irrespective of the learning and instructional goals of a lesson.
Teacher Content Knowledge	 Teacher displays extensive content knowledge of all the subjects she or he teaches. Teacher consistently implements a variety of subject-specific instructional strategies to enhance student-content knowledge.² The teacher consistently highlights key concepts and ideas and uses them as bases to connect other powerful ideas. Limited content is taught in sufficient depth to allow for the development of understanding. 	Teacher displays accurate content knowledge of all the subjects she or he teaches. Teacher regularly implements a variety of subject-specific instructional strategies to enhance student-content knowledge. The teacher regularly highlights key concepts and ideas and uses them as bases to connect other powerful ideas.	Teacher displays adequate content knowledge of all the subjects she or he teaches. Teacher sometimes implements a variety of subject-specific instructional strategies to enhance student-content knowledge. The teacher sometimes highlights key concepts and ideas and uses them as bases to connect other powerful ideas.	Teacher displays underdeveloped content knowledge in several subject areas. Teacher rarely implements a variety of subject-specific instructional strategies to enhance student-content knowledge. The teacher does not understand key concepts and ideas in the discipline and therefore presents content in an unconnected way.
Teacher Knowledge of Students ³	Teacher practices display understanding of each student's anticipated learning difficulties. Teacher practices consistently incorporate student interests and cultural heritage. Teacher consistently provides differentiated instructional methods and content to ensure children have the opportunity to master what is being taught.	Teacher practices display understanding of most student's anticipated learning difficulties. Teacher practices regularly incorporate student interests and cultural heritage. Teacher regularly provides differentiated instructional methods and content to ensure children have the opportunity to master what is being taught.	Teacher practices display understanding of some student's anticipated learning difficulties. Teacher practices sometimes incorporate student interests and cultural heritage. Teacher sometimes provides differentiated instructional methods and content to ensure children have the opportunity to master what is being taught.	Teacher practices demonstrate minimal knowledge of student's anticipated learning difficulties. Teacher practices rarely incorporate student interests or cultural heritage. Teacher practices demonstrate little differentiation of instructional methods or content.

	INSTRUCTION (Continued)			
	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
	The teacher thoroughly teaches three of the following types of thinking: • Analytical thinking in	The teacher thoroughly teaches two of the following types of thinking: • Analytical thinking in	The teacher attempts to thoroughly teach one of the following types of thinking: • Analytical thinking in	The teacher implements no learning experiences that thoroughly teach any type of thinking.
	which students analyze, compare, and contrast and evaluate and explain information ⁴	which students analyze, compare, and contrast and evaluate and explain information	which students analyze, compare, and contrast and evaluate and explain information	The teacher provides few opportunities where students: Generate a variety of
	 Practical thinking in which students use, apply, and implement what they learn in real-life scenarios⁵ 	 Practical thinking in which students use, apply, and implement what they learn in real-life scenarios 	 Practical thinking in which students use, apply, and implement what they learn in real-life scenarios 	ideas and alternatives • Analyze problems from multiple perspectives and viewpoints
	 Creative thinking, in which students create, design, imagine and suppose⁶ 	 Creative thinking, in which students create, design, imagine and suppose 	 Creative thinking, in which students create, design, imagine and suppose 	
ing	 Research-based thinking in which students explore and review a variety of ideas, models, and solutions to problems⁷ 	 Research-based thinking in which students explore and review a variety of ideas, models, and solutions to problems 	 Research-based thinking in which students explore and review a variety of ideas, models, and solutions to problems 	
Thinking	 Instructional groups facilitate opportunities for students to set goals, reflect on and evaluate their learning. 	 Instructional groups facilitate opportunities for students to set goals, reflect on and evaluate their learning. 	 Instructional groups facilitate opportunities for students to set goals, reflect on and evaluate their learning. 	
	The teacher consistently provides opportunities in which students:	The teacher regularly provides opportunities in which students:	The teacher sometimes provides opportunities in which students:	
	 Generate a variety of ideas and alternatives 	 Generate a variety of ideas and alternatives 	 Generate a variety of ideas and alternatives 	
	 Analyze problems from multiple perspectives and viewpoints 	 Analyze problems from multiple perspectives and viewpoints 	 Analyze problems from multiple perspectives and viewpoints 	
	 Monitor their thinking to insure that they understand what they are learning, are attending to critical information and are aware of the learning strategies that they are using and why. 			
	The teacher implements activities that teach and reinforce three or more of the following	The teacher implements activities that teach and reinforce two or more of the following problem- solving	The teacher implements activities that teach and reinforce one of the following problem-solving types:	The teacher implements no activities that teach and reinforce the following problem-solving types:
	problem-solving types: • Abstraction	types: • Abstraction	• Abstraction	• Abstraction
	Categorization	Categorization	CategorizationDrawing Conclusions/	CategorizationDrawing Conclusions/
ng	 Drawing Conclusions/ Justifying Solutions 	• Drawing Conclusions/ Justifying Solutions	Justifying Solutions • Predicting Outcomes	Justifying Solutions • Predicting Outcomes
b vi	Predicting Outcomes	Predicting Outcomes	Observing and	Observing and
Problem Solving	Observing and Experimenting	Observing and Experimenting	Experimenting Improving Solutions	Experimenting Improving Solutions
ldo	 Improving Solutions 	 Improving Solutions 	• Identifying Relevant/	 Identifying Relevant/
Pr	• Identifying Relevant/ Irrelevant Information	• Identifying Relevant/ Irrelevant Information	Irrelevant Information • Generating Ideas	Irrelevant Information • Generating Ideas
	 Generating Ideas 	Generating Ideas	Creating and Designing	Creating and Designing
	 Creating and Designing 	 Creating and Designing 		
	Consistent Evidence of Student- Centered Learning/ Student Ownership of Learning – Teacher Facilitates the Learning	Some Evidence of Student-Centered Learning/ Student Ownership of Learning – Teacher Facilitates the Learning	Moving Towards Student-Centered Learning/ Student Ownership of Learning Consistent Reliance on Teacher Direction	Heavy Emphasis on Teacher Direction – Minimal Evidence of Student Ownership of Learning

	PLANNING			
	Exemplary (4) Proficient (3)		Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
	Instructional plans include: • Measurable and explicit goals aligned to state content standards • Activities, materials, and assessments that: • Align to state	Instructional plans include: • Goals aligned to state content standards • Activities, materials, and assessments that:	Instructional plans include: Some goals aligned to state content standards Activities, materials, and assessments that: Sometimes align to state standards	Instructional plans include: • Few goals aligned to state content standards • Activities, materials, and assessments that: • Rarely align to state standards
Instructional Plans	standards Sequence from basic to complex Build on prior student knowledge, are relevant to students' lives and integrate other disciplines Provide appropriate time for student work, student reflection and lesson and unit closure. Evidence that plan is appropriate for the age, knowledge, and interests of all learners Evidence that the plan provides regular opportunities to accommodate individual student needs	O Align to state standards O Sequence from basic to complex O Build on prior student knowledge O Provide appropriate time for student work and lesson and unit closure Evidence that plan is appropriate for the age, knowledge, and interests of most learners Evidence that the plan provides some opportunities to accommodate individual student needs	Sometimes sequenced from basic to complex Sometimes build on prior student knowledge Sometimes provide appropriate time for student work and lesson and unit closure Some evidence that plan is appropriate for the age, knowledge, and interests of most learners Evidence that the plan provides some opportunities to accommodate individual student needs	O Rarely sequenced in logical order O Rarely build on prior student knowledge O Inconsistently provide time for student work and lesson and unit closure Little evidence that plan is appropriate for the age, knowledge, and interests of most learners Little evidence that the plan provides some opportunities to accommodate individual student needs
Student Work ¹	Assignments require students to: Organize, interpret, analyze, synthesize, and evaluate information rather than reproduce it Draw conclusions, make generalizations and produce arguments that are supported through extended writing Connect what they are learning to experiences, observations, feelings, or situations significant in their daily lives both inside and outside of school	Assignments require students to: Interpret and analyze information rather than reproduce it Traw conclusions and support them through writing Connect what they are learning to experiences, observations, feelings or situations significant in their daily lives both inside and outside of school	Assignments require students to: Interpret information rather than reproduce it Sometimes draw conclusions and support them through writing Sometimes connect what they are learning to prior learning	Assignments require students to: Mostly reproduce information Rarely draw conclusions and support them through writing Rarely connect what they are learning to prior learning or life experiences
Assessment	Assessment Plans: Are consistently aligned with state content standards. Have clear appropriate measurement criteria. Measure student performance in more than three ways (e.g., in the form of a project, experiment, presentation, essay, short answer, or multiple-choice test. Require extended written tasks. Are portfolio-based with clear illustrations of student progress toward state content standards. Include descriptions of how assessment results will be used to inform future instruction.	Assessment Plans: Are aligned with state content standards. Have clear measurement criteria. Measure student performance in more than two ways (e.g., in the form of a project, experiment, presentation, essay, short answer, or multiple-choice test. Require written tasks. Include performance checks throughout the school year.	Assessment Plans: Are sometimes aligned with state content standards. Have measurement criteria. Measure student performance in more than one way (e.g., in the form of a project, experiment, presentation, essay, short answer, or multiplechoic et et est. Require limited written tasks. Include performance checks but may not be monitored consistently.	Assessment Plans: Are rarely aligned with state content standards. Have ambiguous measurement criteria. Measure student performance in less than two ways (e.g., in the form of a project, experiment, presentation, essay, short answer, or multiplechoic et oice test. Require limited written tasks. Include performance checks although the purpose of these checks is not clear.

THE ENVIRONMENT				
	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
	Consistent Evidence of Student- Centered Learning/Student Ownership of Learning – Teacher and Students Facilitate the Learning	Some Evidence of Student- Centered Learning/Student Ownership of Learning – Teacher Facilitates the Learning	Moving Toward Student- Centered Learning/Student Ownership of Learning Consistent Reliance on Teacher Direction	Heavy Emphasis on Teacher Direction – Minimal Evidence of Student Ownership of Learning
Expectations	Teacher engages students in learning with clear and rigorous academic expectations for every student and actively uses aligned and differentiated materials and resources to ensure equitable access to learning. Students regularly learn from their mistakes and can describe their thinking on what they learned. Teacher creates learning opportunities where all students consistently experience success. Students lead opportunities that support learning. Students take initiative to meet or exceed teacher expectations. Teacher optimizes instructional time to ensure each student meets their learning goals.	Teacher engages students in learning with clear and rigorous academic expectations for every student with aligned materials and resources for students to access. Teacher encourages students to learn from mistakes. Teacher creates learning opportunities all students can experience success. Students complete their work according to teacher expectations.	Teacher engages students in learning with clear and rigorous academic expectations for most students. Teacher encourages students to learn from mistakes. Teacher creates learning opportunities where some students can experience success. Teacher expectations for student work are not clear for all students.	Teacher expectations are not rigorous for every student. Teacher creates an environment where mistakes and failure are not viewed as learning experiences. Teacher does not create learning opportunities where students can experience success. Student work is rarely completed to meet teacher expectations.
; Students and Managing Student Behavior	Students are consistently well-behaved and on task. Teacher and students establish clear rules and expectations for learning and behavior. The teacher consistently uses techniques such as intrinsic motivation, social approval, contingent activities, and consequences to maintain appropriate student behavior. The teacher overlooks inconsequential behavior. The teacher deals with students who have caused disruptions rather than the entire class. The teacher attends to disruptions quickly, firmly and consistently with no interruption to instruction.	 Students are mostly well-behaved and on task, some minor learning disruptions may occur. Teacher establishes rules for learning and behavior. The teacher uses several techniques such as intrinsic motivation, social approval, contingent activities and consequences to maintain appropriate student behavior. The teacher overlooks most inconsequential behavior, but other times addresses it, stopping the lesson. The teacher attends to disruptions firmly and consistently with minimal interruption to instruction. 	 Student behavior is inconsistent with several students off task, minor learning disruptions are frequent. Teacher establishes rules for learning and behavior. The teacher uses some techniques such as intrinsic motivation, social approval, contingent activities and consequences to maintain appropriate student behavior. The teacher overlooks some inconsequential behavior, but other times addresses it, stopping the lesson. The teacher inconsistently deals with students who have caused disruptions, and frequently addresses the entire class. 	Students are not well-behaved and are often off-task. Teacher establishes few rules for learning and behavior. The teacher uses few techniques to maintain appropriate student behavior. The teacher does not distinguish between inconsequential behavior and inappropriate behavior. Disruptions frequently interrupt instruction.

THE ENVIRONMENT (Continued)					
	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)	
	Consistent Evidence of Student- Centered Learning/Student Ownership of Learning – Teacher and Students Facilitate the Learning	Some Evidence of Student- Centered Learning/Student Ownership of Learning – Teacher Facilitates the Learning	Moving Toward Student- Centered Learning/Student Ownership of Learning Consistent Reliance on Teacher Direction	Heavy Emphasis on Teacher Direction – Minimal Evidence of Student Ownership of Learning	
Environment	The classroom welcomes all students and guests and provides a safe space for all students to take risks and interact with peers. is clearly organized and designed for and with students to promote learning for all. has supplies, equipment, and readily accessible to provide equitable opportunities for all students. displays current student work that promotes a positive and inclusive classroom environment. Is consistently arranged to maximize individual and group learning and to reinforce a positive classroom culture.	The classroom • welcomes all students and guests. • is organized to promote learning for all students. • has supplies, equipment, and resources accessible to provide equitable opportunities for students. • displays current student work. • is arranged to promote individual and group learning.	The classroom welcomes most students and guests. is somewhat organized to promote learning for all students. has supplies, equipment, and resources accessible. displayed student work is not updated regularly. is sometimes arranged to promote individual and group learning.	The classroom is somewhat uninviting. is not organized to promote student learning. supplies, equipment, and resources are difficult to access. does not display student work. is not arranged to promote group learning.	
Respectful Culture	Teacher-student and student-student interactions demonstrate caring and respect for one another and celebrate and acknowledge all students' background and culture. Teacher fosters positive teacher-to-student and student-to-student interactions that demonstrate overall care, kindness, and respect for one another. Teacher seeks out and is receptive to the interests and opinions of all students. Positive relationships and interdependence characterize the classroom.	Teacher-student interactions are generally positive and reflect awareness and consideration of all students' background and culture. Teacher and students exhibit respect and kindness for the teacher and each other; classroom is free of unhealthy conflict, sarcasm, and put-downs. Teacher is receptive to the interests and opinions of students.	Teacher-student interactions are sometimes positive but may reflect occasional inconsistencies. Students exhibit respect and kindness for the teacher and each other. Teacher is sometimes receptive to the interests and opinions of students.	Teacher does not establish a safe and positive classroom culture for students. Students do not exhibit respect for the teacher or each other. Teacher and/or student interaction is characterized by unhealthy conflict, sarcasm, or putdowns. Teacher is not receptive to interests and opinions of students.	

Professionalism Rubric

	PROFESSIONALISM						
	Performance Standard	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)		
2	The educator is prompt, prepared, and participates in professional development meetings, bringing student artifacts (student work) when requested.	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
ving and Developi Professionally ¹⁶	The educator appropriately attempts to implement new learning in the classroom following presentation in professional development meetings.	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
Growing and Developing Professionally ¹⁶	 The educator develops and works on a yearly plan for new learning based on analyses of school improvement plans and new goals, self- assessment, and input from the teacher leader and principal observations. 	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
	The educator selects specific activities, content knowledge, or pedagogical skills to enhance and improve his/her proficiency.	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
Reflecting on Teaching ¹⁷	 The educator makes thoughtful and accurate assessments of his/her lessons' effectiveness as evidenced by the self-reflection after each observation. 	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
	6. The educator offers specific actions to improve his/her teaching.	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
	 The educator accepts responsibilities contributing to school improvement. 	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
Refle	8. The educator utilizes student achievement data to address strengths and weaknesses of students and guide instructional decisions.	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
Community Involvement ¹⁸	9. The educator actively supports school activities and events.	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		
School Responsibilities	The educator accepts leadership responsibilities and/or assists in peers contributing to a safe and orderly school environment.	Always	Often	Sometimes	Rarely		



¹⁶ Waitoller, F. R., & Artiles, A. J. (2013). A decade of professional development research for inclusive education: A critical review and notes for a research program. Review of Educational Research, 83(3), 319-356. doi:10.3102/0034654313483905

¹⁷ Nesmith, S. M. (2011). Powerful reflections result from quality questions: The influence of posed questions on elementary preservice teachers' field-based reflections. Research in the Schools, 18(2), 26-39.

¹⁸ Epstein, J. L., Galindo, C. L., & Sheldon, S. B. (2011). Levels of leadership: Effects of district and school leaders on the quality of school programs of family and community involvement. Educational Administration Quarterly, 47(3), 462-495. doi: 10.1177/00131631X10395993

¹⁸ Zepeda, S. J., Mayers, R. S., Benson, B. N. (2013). The call to teacher leadership. New York, NY: Routledge.



Student Intervention Plan: Professional Dispositions and Skills Contract

This contract is to be initiated when a teacher-candidate is not making adequate progress during a clinical experience. Completed copies of this form must be reviewed and signed by the university supervisor, cooperating teacher, candidate, field placement supervisor, program coordinator, and department chair.

Student Name:	Student ID:	Major:
Course:	Semester:	Year:

Description of the Concern(s):

Please cite evidence to support your concerns and attach any documentation you feel is important.

Plan to Address and Improve Performance:

Please describe specific steps, suggestions, recommendations, expectations, and consequences for noncompliance to be implemented during a specified time frame. Please include dates when concerns will be reviewed during the duration of the contract.

Verification of Professional Dispositions and Skills Contract Outcomes

Please review the candidate's performance to determine if adequate progress has been made or if consequences must be initiated at the end of the specified time period.

Committee Signatures:

University Supervisor	Date
Cooperating Teacher	Date
Field Placement Supervisor	Date
Program Coordinator	Date
Teacher Candidate	Date
Department of Education Chair	Date

(Signature indicates the form has been shared with the candidate.)

PRAXIS REQUIREMENTS

For entrance into the Professional Program, candidates must pass the Praxis Core Academic Skills for Educators. More information on this test can be found here: <u>The Praxis Tests</u>

To progress to Internship, teacher candidates must pass the appropriate Praxis II exam.

To be Certified in	You Need to Take	Test Code	Qualifying Score
Early Childhood Education	Education of Young Children	5024	160
	OR		
Early Childhood Education	Early Childhood Education	5025	156
Elementary Education*	Elementary Education: Multiple Subjects	5001	*
	→ Reading and Language Arts Subtest	5002	157
	→ Mathematics Subtest (On-screen scientific calculator provided)	5003	157
	→ Social Studies Subtest	5004	155
	→ Science Subtest (On-screen scientific calculator provided)	5005	159
	OR		
Elementary Education* Exam 7811 may be taken	Elementary Education: Content Knowledge for Teaching	7811	*
in lieu of Praxis 5001	→ Reading/Language Arts CKT Subtest	7812	161
	→ Mathematics CKT Subtest	7813	150
	→ Science CKT Subtest	7814	154
	→ Social Studies CKT Subtest	7815	162
English	English Language Arts: Content and Analysis	5039	168
	OR		
English	English Language Arts: Content Knowledge	5038	167
Mathematics	Mathematics: Content Knowledge (On-screen graphing calculator provided)	5161	150

*To pass Elementary Education Multiple Subjects test, teacher candidates must receive a passing score on each subtest. To take all four subtests (5002, 5003, 5004, 5005 or 7812, 7813, 7814, 7815) at the same time, select Elementary Education: Multiple Subjects (5001) or Elementary Education: Content Knowledge for Teaching (7811) when registering. To take or retake an individual subtest, register to take just that subtest. For certification purposes, the South Carolina Department of Education will accept subtests from either approved Elementary Education assessment so long as the test-taker has earned a qualifying score in all four core content areas.

Program completers must pass the appropriate Principles of Learning and Teaching (PLT) exam to be recommended for certification.

To be Certified in	You Need to Take	Test Code	Qualifying Score
Early Childhood	Principles of Learning	5621	157
Education	and Teaching: Early		
	Childhood		
Elementary Education	Principles of Learning	5622	160
	and Teaching: Grades K-6		
Secondary Education	Principles of Learning	5624	157
	and Teaching: Grades 7-		
	<u>12</u>		

Presentation for Internship Eligibility Cover Sheet

<u>Directions</u>: Reviewers should add together their scores from each of the 4 categories from the rubric (Instruction, Planning, Environment, & Delivery) and then divide this sum by 4 in order to obtain an average. Once each reviewer obtains a mean score, these 3 averages should be added together and divided by 3 to obtain the **Candidate's Final Score**. In order to make a positive recommendation for Professional Program eligibility, candidates must earn a final score of 2.5 or higher.

Name of Candidate:	Certific	cation Program:	Date:	
Name of Reviewer 1:			_ Reviewer 1 Average =	
Name of Reviewer 2:			Reviewer 2 Average =	
Name of Reviewer 3:			_ Reviewer 3 Average =	
CANDIDATE'S FINAL SCORE (,	
Recommendation (circle one):	Eligible for Internship	Not Eligible for Ir	nternship	
Summary of Candidate's Strength	S			
Summary of Concerns and/or Rec	ommendations:			

Directions: Each reviewer completes this rubric for the candidate. You may record notes as needed, and you must choose **ONE** level for each indicator. Check the box for the level you choose for each indicator. Average the levels to obtain one final average based on the scoring guide at the end of this document.

PRESENTATION FOR INTERNSHIP ELIGIBILITY SCORING RUBRIC

INDICATOR	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
INSTRUCTION	Exemplary (4) Establishes high learning expectations and clear outcomes for student learning Engages all students in learning experiences that are personally meaningful, relevant, and engaging Effectively incorporates appropriate, varied questioning, thinking, and problem solving Employs a variety of instructional activities that allow for differentiated instruction and provides academic feedback to monitor and adjust instruction	Proficient (3) Establishes outcomes for student learning Engages students in learning experiences that are relevant Incorporates varied questioning, thinking, or problem solving Employs a variety of instructional activities and provides academic feedback to students	Needs Improvement (2) Establishes learning outcomes that are not inline with the standards selected for the lesson Engages students in learning experiences Incorporates questioning, thinking, or problem-solving strategies Employs some instructional variety or academic feedback	 Unsatisfactory (1) Does not establish clear learning expectations Is unable to engage students in learning experiences Does not incorporate questions, thinking, or problem solving Does not employ instructional variety or academic feedback
PLANNING	 Exemplary (4) Prepares lesson plans with measurable and explicit goals tied to state content standards Prepares lessons that are developmentally appropriate for all learners Assesses student learning in a variety of ways aligned with the established outcomes of the lesson 	 Proficient (3) Prepares lesson plans aligned with state content standards Plans lessons that are age appropriate for most learners Assesses student learning aligned with the established outcomes of the lesson 	 Needs Improvement (2) Prepares lessons with standards Prepares lessons that are appropriate for some learners Assesses student learning 	 Unsatisfactory (1) Does not prepare standards-based lessons Does not plan developmentally appropriate lessons Does not assess student learning

INDICATOR	Exemplary (4)	Proficient (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Unsatisfactory (1)
ENVIRONMENT	 Exemplary (4) Establishes high and demanding academic expectations for every student Establishes clear rules and expectations for learning and behavior Creates a welcoming environment that is organized and understandable to all students and encourages student collaboration 	 Proficient (3) Sets academic expectations for every student Establishes rules for learning and behavior Creates an environment that is organized to most students 	 Needs Improvement (Sets expectations for class Establishes rules for learning or behavior Creates an organized environment 	 Does not set expectations for the class Does not establish rules for learning or behavior
<u>DELIVERY</u>	 Exemplary (4) Well-prepared with examples & artifacts to support responses Poised and confident: uses clear, correct speech, makes direct eye contact Thoughtful, accurate, and reflective self-assessment of teaching with specific actions suggested to improve 	 Proficient (3) Prepared with examples or artifacts to support responses Poised, but relies on some notes to communicate material Thoughtful, accurate, and reflective self-assessment of teaching 	 Needs Improvement (Prepared, but lacks examples or artifacts Uses filler language during the presentation does not maintain dir eye contact, and uses notes throughout the entire presentation Inaccurate assessmen or lacks self-reflection about teaching 	 Presentation is unclear and does not include examples or artifacts Nervous, fails to make direct eye contact, does not communicate clearly, and relies primarily on notes to present the material
Scoring guide: 16/16 points = 4 15/16 points = 3.75 14/16 points = 3.5 13/16 points = 3.25	12/16 points = 3 11/16 points = 2.75 10/16 points = 2.5 9/16 points = 2.25	8/16 points = 2 7/16 points = 1 6/16 points = 1 5/16 points = 1	1.75 1.5	4/16 points = 1 3/16 points = .75 2/16 points = .5 1/16 points = .25
Reviewer:	9/10 points – 2.23	-		Average score:

Internship Candidate's Response to Questions and Comments:



Educator Preparation Program

PROFESSIONAL PROGRAM ADMISSION CHECKLIST

Student 1	me Advisor	
Phone #	E-Mail	
Teacher	ertification Program	
	ttended the Pre-Professional Orientation.	
	assed the Praxis Core exam (or earned needed ACT/SAT scores).	
	Completed the Ethics Training Module (email Dr. Hammond for login info: ejh49@uscb.	edu)
	Sumulative 2.75 GPA in all undergraduate coursework.	
	Completed all Pre-Professional & required content area courses with a "C" or higher.	
	overall GPA of 3.0 in all Department of Education courses.	
	Completed all general education and content area requirements.	
	Eleared EPP review of Department of Public Safety incident reports.	
	ubmitted current TB Test results.	
	completed 25 hours of working with children or adolescents (or Teacher Cadet Program).	
	Advisor	_
	Program Coordinator	_
	Chair of Department	_

Submission dates:

February 1 and October 1

25-HOUR YOUTH EXPERIENCE REQUIREMENT

FOR ADMISSION TO THE PROFESSIONAL PROGRAM

When applying for admission to the Department of Education's Professional Program, all applicants must complete 25 hours of successful experiences working with youth in the age range of their certification.

Successful completion of the Teacher Cadet Program in high school allows teacher candidates to have this requirement waived.

The youth experience requirement:

- -may **not** be connected to any university course work.
- -must include active involvement / interaction with more than one child/adolescent at a time (i.e., babysitting cannot be used to meet this requirement).
- -should be completed in the time between entrance into the freshman class and application for admission into the Professional Program.
- -can be a paid experience.

In addition to the above, the following criteria must be met for specific programs:

Early Childhood Teacher Education – The experience must be with children between birth through age 8 (grades PK-3).

Elementary Teacher Education - The experience must be with youth generally between the ages of 7 and 12 (grades 2-6).

Secondary Teacher Education – The experience must be with youth generally between the ages of 14 and 18 (grades 9-12).

APPROPRIATE	INAPPROPRIATE
(USCP) not completed at the University of South Carolina Beaufort	Observations, program development, or monitoring behavior; babysitting, serving as a nanny, or taking care of your own, friend's, or relative's children.
Supervised day care work.	Experience supervised by a relative.
	Observations in schools that do not involve actually working with students or is/was associated with coursework.
Supervised tutoring.	Tutoring associated with USCB coursework.
Work as a substitute teacher in K-12 schools, coaching sports teams, directing band, chorus, choir, dance troupe, or theatre productions in K-12 school setting.	Experience with post-secondary youth, such as Residential Hall Assistant, tutor at the Writing Center, or lab assistant.

PROGRAM ADVISEMENT TRACKS

Early Childhood Education	ρg.	32
Elementary Education		
Secondary English		
Secondary Mathematics	. –	



Early Childhood Education Program Advisement Track (Pre-K-3rd Grade)

Phone #			SS# _						
			SS#						
	Phone # E-Mail				····				
Address									
LEVEL I	:								
	Education Co	urses							
Course Nun	nber	Description	Grade	Hours	Semester Completed				
ENGL B10	1	Composition		_ 3					
ENGL B102	2	Composition/Lit.		3					
Foreign Lan	nguage I	•		3					
Foreign Lan				3					
·	40 or 201, 230	Public Comm.		_ 3					
	es B111/111L	College Algebra		_ 3-4					
Mathematic		Elementary Math I		_ 3					
Mathematic		Elementary Math II		_					
HIST B111		American History		_ 3					
Liberal Arts		American history		_					
				_ 3					
Liberal Arts									
1 Fine Arts				_ 3					
	havioral Sci Ele	ctive		_ 3					
1 Science w	ith lab			4					
1 Science w	rithout lab			3					
Pre_Profe	esional Prog	ram Courses							
EDCI	B100	Observation & Analysis			3				
EDCI	B322	Cultural Diversity in Educ.	_		3				
EDCI	B243	Technology Resources for T			3				
EDEC	B340-F	Education of the Young Chi			3				
EDEC	B342-S	Curriculum Plan. & Dev. In			3				
EDFO	B321	Foundations of Am. Educati	_		3				
PSYC	B209 or	Human Growth & Developm	nent		2				
EDPY	B333	Intro Child Growth & Dev.	_		3				
EDPY EDRD	B335 B318	Intro to Educational Psych. Foundations of Reading	_		3				

Requireme	ents for Ent	try into the F	rofession	al Progra	ım:			
Attended O	rientation		(Date)					
\Box GPA ≥ 2.73	5 Praxi:	s Core Test	R	/156	w	/158 N	1/15	0
Praxis Core	Exem	ption of Praxis C	ore Test	SAT	/1100	ACT	/22	
25 hours of	teaching or wo	orking with child	ren					
Ethics Train	ning Module							
I EVEL II.	Drofossio	nal Duagram	Courses					
	Professio	nal Program	Courses					
Spring EDEC	B438	Tagahina Sa	oial Studios	in ECE		2		
			ocial Studies			3		
EDCI	B441	Organ. & M				3		
EDRD	B425		iteracy for E			3		
EDRD	B430		in Lit for EC			3		
EDRD	B450P	Pract I: Tch	g Emerg & I	nterm Rdrs		3		
E II								
Fall	D200	I E	1 T			2		
EDEX	B300	Intro to Exc	-			3		
EDEC	B435	Math Experi				3		
EDEC	B437		eriences in I			3		
EDRD	B428	Cont. Read	& Writ ECE	& ELEM		3		
EDEC	B440P	Tchg Integr	Lessons in E	ECE		3		
								30 Hours
Requireme	ents to Prog	gress to Inter	nship:					
Passing Sc	ore Praxis II	(5024) to Interr	ıship	/160)			
Successful	Presentation	for Internship	ਟੀigibility (P	PIE)				
LEVEL III	: Internsh	in						
EDEC	B476	Senior Semi	nar			3		
EDEC	B469	Internship in				12		
EDEC	D 1 07	mæmsmp n	LECE			12		15 Hours
I EXTEL IX	'• D	Commista						13 110415
		Completer			CD 4			
		inal Evaluation			GPA_	= (04) C		/1.57
Passing Score	e Student Lear	rning Objective	s (SLO)		PLT (5621) Score	e	/157
						_		
				Rec	quired l	Program [Hours	118 Hours
					I	Elective C	redits	5 Hours
			Total F	Iours Re	quired	for ECE 1	Degree	123 Hours



Elementary Education Program Advisement Track (2nd - 6th Grade)

UNOFFICIA	AL TRANSCRIPT	EVALUATION		ADVI	SOR	-
Student Name			SS# _			
		E-Mail				_
LEVEL	-					
General Course Nu	Education Co	Durses Description	Grade	Hours	Semester Complete	d
		<u> </u>	Grade		Semester Complete	u
ENGL B10		Composition		_ 3		
ENGL B10		Composition/Lit.		_ 3		
Foreign La	inguage I			_ 3		
Foreign La	inguage II			_ 3		
COMM B	140 or 201, 230	Public Comm.		_ 3		
Mathemati	cs B111/111L	College Algebra		_ 3-4		
Mathemati	cs B221	Elementary Math	Ι	_ 3		
Mathemati	cs B222	Elementary Math	II	3		
HIST B11	1 or B112	American History	·	3		
Liberal Ar	ts Elective			3		
Liberal Ar	ts Elective			_ 2		
1 Fine Arts				_ 2		
	ehavioral Sci Ele			_ 2		
1 Science v						
1 Science v	without lab			3		
Pre-Prof	essional Prog	ram Courses				
EDCI	B100	Observation & Analysis	_		3	
EDCI	B322	Cultural Diversity in Educ	_		3	
EDCI	B243	Technology Resources for			3	
EDEL	B320-S	Curriculum Plan, Dev, &	_		3	
EDFO	B321 B330-F	Foundations of Am. Educ			3	
EDEL	Бээи-г	Integrating the Arts in El Music & Movement	Ed: Art, _		3	
PSYC	B209 or	Human Growth & Develo	opment			
EDPY	B333	Intro to Child Growth & I	-		3	
EDPY	B335	Intro to Educational Psycl			3	
EDPH	B231-F	Personal & Community H	_		3	
EDRD	B318	Foundations of Reading	_		3	
		C			76-77	HOURS

Requireme	nts fo	or Entry into the Pr	ofession	al Progr	am:				
Attended On	rientati	on(I	Date)						
\square GPA ≥ 2.75		Praxis Core Test R/156		w	/158	Μ	/150		
Praxis Core		Exemption of Praxis Core	Test	SAT	/1100	ACT_	/22	2	
25 hours of	teachir	g or working with childre	n						
Ethics Train	ning Mo	odule							
LEVEL II: Spring	Pro	fessional Program (Courses						
EDCI	B441	Organ. & Mar	n in Div (~locaroom			3		
EDEL	B443	<u> </u>				-	3		
EDEL	B425			•			3		
EDRD	B433		•			-	3		
EDRD	B450					-	3		
LDKD	D 4 50	1 Literacy/Socie	ai Studies	i racticuiii		-	<i>3</i> .		
Fall									
EDEX	B300	Intro to Excep	otional Lea	ırner			3		
EDEL	B431					-	3		
EDEL	B432			•		-			
EDRD	B428		•		-	-	3 3		
EDEL	B440						3		
	2	1 William Science	11000000	•		-			30 Hours
Requirement	ts to P	rogress to Internship:							
Passing Sc	ore Pr	axis II (5001) to Interns	hip	/	Multiple	Subjects	S		
Reading 5002	157	Math 5003157	Soci	ial Studies	50041	55	Science	50051	59
Successful	Prese	ntation for Internship El	igibility (F	PIE)					
LEVEL III	: Int	ernship							
EDEL	B476	-	ar				3		
EDEL	B470			y School	-	-	12		
		1		,		-	-		15 Hours
LEVEL IV	: Pro	gram Completer							
		ship Final Evaluation _			GPA				
		nt Learning Objectives	(SLO)		PLT ((5622) S	core		/160
					Require	d Progr	am Hou	ırs 121	-122 Hours

Total Hours Required for Elementary Education Degree

35

1-2 Hours

123 Hours

Elective Credits



Secondary Teacher Education (English) Program Advisement Track

UNOFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT EVALUATION			ADVISOR	
Student Name		SS# _		
Phone #				
Address				
LEVEL I:				
General Education Courses				
Course Number	Description	Grade	Hours	Semester Completed
ENGL 101	Composition		3	
ENGL 102	Composition/Lit.		3	
MATH (Numerical/Analytical)			3	
2 nd MATH (Math, Stats, CSCI or Logic)			2	
COMM 140 or COMM 230			_ 2	
Foreign Language I			_ 2	
Foreign Language II			_	
Liberal Arts Electives (ENGL270)			_	
Liberal Arts Electives (ENGL200)			_	
HIST 101/102/111/112/115 or 116			_	
Science with Lab				
Science without Lab				
Social or Behavioral Science			_ 3 ¬	
Fine Arts			3	
rille Alts			3	
Core Major Courses				
•	o English Studies			3
	Literature	_		3
ENGL B287 Ameri	ican Literature	_		3
ENGL B288 Englis	sh Literature I			3
	sh Literature II	_		3
ENGL B432 Adole	scent Lit & Developn	nent		3
ENGL B441 or Globa	l Histories of Lit Theo	ory –		
	ples of Modern Lit. T	•		3
	rn English Grammars	_		3
ENGL B453 Development	opment of the English	Lang.		3
	ssional Writing Works	shop		3
	ing of Writing	_		3
				70-71 Ho

^{**} These two courses also count as Liberal Arts electives

Pre-Pro	fessional	Program Courses				
EDCI B100		Observation & Analys	sis		3	
EDCI	B320	Technology Resources	s for Teaching		3	
EDEX	B301	Intro to Exceptional Lo	earner		3	
EDRD	B319	Foundations of Readin	ng Sec Teach		3	
EDFO	B321	Foundations of Am. E	ducation		3	
EDPY	B335	Intro to Educational Ps	sych.		3	
EDRD	B429	Content Literacy Sec 7	Γeachers		3	
						21 Hours
Require	ements for	Entry into the Professio	nal Progran	n:		
Attende	ed Orientation	n(Date)				
☐GPA ≥	2.75	Praxis Core Test	R/156	w	/158	M/150
Praxis	Core	Exemption of Praxis Core Test	t SAT	/1100	ACT_	/22
25 hour	rs of teaching	or working with children				
Ethios '	Tuoinin a Mas	hulo.				
Euncs	Training Mod	luie				
EDCI ENGL ENGL ENGL	B442 B300 B300 B480	Org & Mgmt in Classer Pre-1800 Literature Post-1800 Literature Secondary ELA Metho	ods		3 3 3	
ENGL	B481F	Secondary ELA Practi	cum		4	16 Hours
Require	ements to	Progress to Internship:				
Passir	ng Score Pra	xis II (5039) to Intern	/150			
Succe	essful Presen	tation for Internship Eligibility	(PIE)			
Level II	I: Intern	ship				
ENGL B		Secondary ELA Seminar		3		
ENGL B	3483	Secondary ELA Internship		12		
ENGL B	3491	English Capstone		1		
						16 Hours
Level IV	V: Progra	m Completer				
	_	hip Final Evaluation		GPA		
Passing S	core Studen	t Learning Objectives (SLO)_		PLT Score	(5624)_	/157

Total Hours for Secondary Teacher Education - English Degree 123-124 Hours



Secondary Teacher Education (Mathematics) Program Advisement Track

UNOFFICIAL TRANSCRIPT EVALUATION				ADVI	SOR				
Student Na	me		SS#						
			E-Mail						
LEVEL I General I	Education Co	ourses	Description	Grade	Hours	Semester Completed			
ENGL 101			Composition		3				
ENGL 102			Composition/Lit.		_				
COMM 14	0 or COMM 230)	Public Comm		3				
STAT B34			Intro-Prob & Stats		_ 3				
_	5 (opt. as needed)	Pre-Calculus		_ 3				
	5 (opt. as needed 104/105/145	1)	rie-Calculus						
-									
Physics 21			Essent. of Physics I						
	iences Elective								
Foreign La					_ 3				
Foreign La	nguage II				_ 3				
HIST 101/	102/111/112/115	or 116			_ 3				
PSYC 101			Intro to Psychology		_ 3				
Fine Arts					3				
Global Citi	izenship				3				
Liberal Art	-				3				
Liberal Art					3		-		
	jor Courses	Calan	loo I			4			
MATH MATH	B141 B142	Calcu Calcu		_		4 4			
MATH	B174		ete Math for Comp. Sc	– i		3			
MATH	B230		r Algebra			3			
MATH	B240	Calcu	_	_		4			
MATH	B242	Elem.	Differential Equations	_	<u></u>	3			
MATH	B300		o Proof	_		3			
MATH	B331		lations of Geometry	_		3			
MATH	B401		y of Math	_		3			
MATH	B410		act Algebra I	_	<u></u>	3			
MATH	B419/427	Mathe	ematical Modeling			3			

85-86 Hours

Pre-Prof	essional Pro	ogram Courses			
EDCI	B100	Observation & Analysis		3	
EDCI	B320	Technology Resources for Teach	ing ——	3	
EDFO	B321	Foundations of Am. Education			
EDPY	B335	Intro to Educational Psych.		3	
EDEX	B301	Intro to Exceptional Learner		3	
EDRD	B319	Found of Reading for Mid/Sec Te		3 3	
EDRD	B429	Content Rea Lit for Mid/Sec Teach		3	
					21 Hours
Requirer	nents for Ei	ntry into the Professional Prog	ram:		
Attended	l Orientation	(Date)			
\Box GPA ≥ 2	2.75 Pr	raxis Core Test R/1	.56 W	/158 M	/150
Praxis C	ore E	xemption of Praxis Core Test SAT_	/1100	ACT	/22
25 hours	of teaching or v	working with children			
Ethics Ti	raining Module				
	Profession	al Program Courses			
EDCI	B442	Organ. & Man. in Sec. Classroon	ı	3	
EDME	B430	Teaching Math in Secondary Sch		3	
EDME	B430P	Practicum in Tea. Math in Sec. Sec.	ch	3 3 3	
MATH	B421	Math for Sec. Teachers		3	
					12 Hours
_		ogress to Internship: II (5161) to Internship	_/150		
Succes	sful Presentation	on for Internship Eligibility (PIE)			
	: Internshi	•			
EDME	B476	Senior Seminar		3	
EDME	B469	Internship in Secondary School		12	
					15 Hours
	: Program				
_	1	Final Evaluation	GPA		
Passing Sc	ore Student Le	earning Objectives (SLO)	PLT Sco	re (5624)	/157

Total Hours for Secondary Teacher Education - Math Degree 133-134 Hours